Name of the Teaching Faculty: Sri Nitesh Kumar Acharya

Designation:

Lecturer in Electrical

Discipline:

Electrical Engg.

Semester:

 4^{TH}

Subject:

Energy Conversion-I

Subject code:

Th-1

No of Days/week class allotted: 05 (4L+1T)

Session:

Week	+	Theory/Practical Topics	
	1-4	D.C GENERATOR ->>Operating principle of generator ->>Constructional features of DC machine>> Yoke, Pole & field winding, Armature, Commutator>> Armature winding, back pitch, Front pitch, Resultant pitch and commutator- pitch>>Simple Lap and wave winding, Dummy coils.	Remarks
į.	5	TUTORIAL-1	
2	6-9	->> Different types of D.C. machines (Shunt, Series and Compound) ->> Derivation of EMF equation of DC generators. (Solve problems) ->> Losses and efficiency of DC generator>> Condition for maximum efficiency and numerical problems.	
	10	TUTORIAL-2	
3	11-14	->> Armature reaction in D.C. machine ->> Commutation and methods of improving commutation>> Role of inter poles and compensating winding in commutation>> Characteristics of D.C. Generators ->> Application of different types of D.C. Generators.	
	15	TUTORIAL-3	A Americanity of the desired on the strong and desired
1	16-19	->> Concept of critical resistance and critical speed of DC shunt generator ->> Conditions of Build-up of emf of DC generator>> Parallel operation of D.C. Generators>> Uses of D.C generators.	
	20	TUTORIAL-4	

\ .	21-24	D. C. MOTORS	
		->> Basic working principle and	
		->> Basic working principle of DC motor	
		->> Significance of back emf in D.C. Motor.	
		Voltage equation of D.C. Motor and condition forms	
1			
1		->> Derive torque equation (solve problems)	
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	->>Characteristics of shunt, series and compound motors and their	
1		application.	
	25	TUTORIAL-5	
	26-29	->>Starting method of shunt, series and compound motors.	
		->>Speed control of D.C shunt motors by Flux control method. Armature	
		voltage Control method. Solve problems	
		>> Speed control of D.C.	
		->> Speed control of D.C. series motors by Field Flux control method,	
		Tapped field method and series-parallel method	
	30	THTODIAL	
	31-34	TUTORIAL-6	
		->> Determination of efficiency of D.C. Machine by Brake test	
		method(solve humerical problems)	
		->> Determination of efficiency of D.C. Machine by Swinburne's Test	
		method(solve numerical proplems)	
		->> Losses, efficiency and power stages of D.C. motor(solve numerical)	
		(prodeins)	
		->> Uses of D.C. motors	
	35	TUTORIAL-7	
8	36-39	SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMER	
		Working minerial Constant	
		->>Working principle of transformer.	
		->> Constructional feature of Transformer.	
		->> Arrangement of core & winding in different types of transformer.	
		Bilet ideas about transformer accessories such as conservator tank	
		oreather, and explosion vent etc.	
		->> Explain types of cooling methods	
	40	TUTORIAL-8	
9	41-44		
		->> State the procedures for Care and maintenance.	
		->>EMF equation of transformer.	
		->> Ideal transformer voltage transformation ratio	
	*	->> Operation of Transformer at no local and a state of	
		->> Operation of Transformer at no load, on load with phasor diagrams.	
	45	TUTORIAL-9	3 No. 1
10	46-49	->> Equivalent Resistance, Leakage Reactance and Impedance of	
	2 2 7 7 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	transformer.	
		->>To draw phasor diagram of transformer on load, with winding	
		Resistance and Magnetic leakage with using unity pf, leading pf and	
		lagging pf load.	
	The state of the s		1.3 4 4 6 7
		->> To explain Equivalent circuit and solve numerical problems	

11	51-54	->>Approximate & exact voltage drop calculation of a Transformer>> Regulation of transformer>> Different types of losses in a Transformer. Explain Open circuit and Short Circuit test.(Solve numerical problems)	-
	55		
12	56-59	TUTORIAL-11	
		->> Explain Efficiency, efficiency at different loads and power factors, condition for maximum efficiency (solve problems) ->>Explain All Day Efficiency (solve problems) ->> Determination of load corresponding to Maximum efficiency.	
	60		
13	61-64	TUTORIAL-12 ->>Parallel operation of single phase transformer AUTO TRANSFORMER ->>Constructional features of Auto transformer. ->>Working principle of single phase Auto Transformer.	
	65	TUTORIAL-13	
14	66-69	->>Comparison of Auto transformer with an two winding transformer (saving of Copper)>> Uses of Auto transformer>>Explain Tap changer with transformer (on load and off load condition)	
	70	TUTORIAL-14	
15	71-74	INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMERS ->> Explain Current Transformer and Potential Transformer ->> Define Ratio error, Phase angle error, Burden. ->> Uses of C.T. and P.T.	
	75	TUTORIAL-15	1 1 2
1	10		

Signature of Faculty

(IMAKA) 12, 19 Signature of HOD

Discipline:

Electrical Engg. GP,Bargarh

Semester:

4th

Name of the Teaching Faculty:

Sri Niranjan Nayak,Lect.(I &C Engg.)

Subject:

Analog Electronics And OP-Amp (TH 2)

No of Days/week class allotted:

04

Session:

Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
1	1-4	P-N JUNCTION DIODE.	
		P-N Junction Diode . Working of Diode V-I characteristic of PN junction Diode. DC load line. Important terms such as Ideal Diode, Knee voltage	
2	5-8	Breakdown . Junctions break down. Zener breakdown .Avalanche breakdown .P-N Diode clipping Circuit. P-N Diode clamping Circuit	
3	9-12	SPECIAL SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES. Thermistors, Sensors & barretters, Zener Diode Tunnel Diode, PIN Diode.	
4	13-16	RECTIFIER CIRCUITS & FILTERS.	
		Classification of rectifiers. Analysis of half wave, full wave centre tapped and Bridge rectifiers and calculate: DC output current and voltage. RMS output current and voltage. Rectifier efficiency. Ripple factor Regulation Transformer utilization factor. Peak inverse voltage Filters Shunt capacitor filter. Choke input filter. π filter	
	17-20	TRANSISTORS.	
		Principle of Bipolar junction transistor. Different modes of operation of transistor. Current components in a transistor Transistor as an amplifier.	
	21-24	Transistor circuit configuration & its characteristics.	
		CB Configuration. CE Configuration	
		CC Configuration.	

7	25-28	TRANSISTOR CIRCUITS.	
1	25 20	Transistor biasing . Stabilization	
		Transistor blasing i	
		Stability factor	
		Different method of Transistors Biasing.	
8	28-32	Base resistor method. Collector to base bias.	
		Self bias or voltage divider method.	
		Sell blas of voltage divides	
9	32-36	TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIERS.	
		Practical circuit of transistor amplifier. DC load line and DC	
		equivalent circuit.AC load line and AC equivalent circuit	
		Calculation of gain. Phase reversal. H-parameters of	
		transistors .Simplified H-parameters of transistors	
10	37-40	Generalised approximate model.	
		Analysis of CB, CE, CC amplifier using generalised	
		approximate model. Multi stage transistor amplifier.	
		R.C. coupled amplifier. Transformer coupled amplifier. Feed back in amplifier	
		reed back in amplifier	
		*	
.1	41-44	General theory of feed back.	
		Negative feedback circuit. Advantage of negative feed back	
	-	Power amplifier and its classification. Difference between	
		voltage amplifier and power amplifier. Transformer	
		coupled class A power amplifier. Class A push – pull amplifier. Class B push – pull amplifier	
		amplifier. Class & push - pull amplifier	
	45-48	Oscillators.	
		Types of oscillators. Essentials of transistor oscillator	
	1	Principle of operation of tuned collector, Hartley, colpite	
		phase snift, wein- bridge oscillator (no mathematical	
	-	derivations)	
	48-52	FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR.	
		Classification of FET. Advantages of FET over BJT.	
		Principle of operation of BJT .FET parameters (no	
		mathematical derivation).DC drain resistance AC drain	
		resistance. Trans-conductance Biasing of FET	
	52-56	OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS.	
		General circuit simple of OP-AMP and IC – CA – 741 OP	
2.75%		AMP. Operational amplifier stages. Equivalent circuit of	

		operational amplifier. Open loop OP-AMP configuration	
15	56-60	OPAMP with fed back Inverting OP-AMP. Non inverting OP-AMP .Voltage follower & buffer. Differential amplifier. Adder or summing amplifier. Sub tractor. Integrator. Differentiator Comparator.	
	Signatur	re of Faculty:	
-	Signatur	re of HOD: half g. 12.19	

Name of the Teaching Faculty: Smt. Rashmita Gouda

Designation: Lecturer (Instrumentation & Control)

Discipline: Electrical Engg. (Govt. Polytechnic, Bargarh)

Semester:

Subject: Electrical Measurement & Instrumentation

Subject code: Th-3

No of Days/week class allotted: 05 (4L+1T)

Session:

Wee	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
k			
1	1-4	1. MEASURING INSTRUMENTS	
		1.1 Define Accuracy, precision, Errors, Resolutions Sensitivity	
		and tolerance.	
		1.2 Classification of measuring instruments.	
		1.3 Explain Deflecting, controlling and damping arrangements in	
		indicating type of instruments.	
	5	TUTORIAL-1	
2	6-9	1.4 Calibration of instruments.	
_		2. ANALOG AMMETERS AND VOLTMETERS	
		2.1. Describe Construction, principle of operation, errors, ranges	
		merits and demerits of:	
		2.1.1 Moving iron type instruments	
	10	TUTORIAL-2	
	11-14	2.1.2 Permanent Magnet Moving coil type instruments.	
	11-14	2.1.3 Dynamometer type instruments	
		2.1.4 Rectifier type instruments	
3	15	TUTORIAL-3	
<u></u>	16-19	2.1.5 Induction type instruments	
	10-19	2.2 Extend the range of instruments by use of shunts and Multipliers.	
		2.3 Solve Numerical	
	20	TUTORIAL-4	
4	21-24	3. WATTMETERS AND MEASUREMENT OF POWER	
7	21-24	3.1 Describe Construction, principle of working of Dynamometer type	· .
		wattmeter. (LPF and UPF type)	
		3.2 The Errors in Dynamometer type wattmeter and methods of their	
		correction.	
	25	TUTORIAL-5	
5	26-29	3.3 Discuss Induction type watt meters.	
)	20-27	4. ENERGYMETERS AND MEASUREMENT OF ENERGY	3
		4.1 Introduction	
		4.1 introduction	* ,6 ;

A			
		4.2 Single Phase Induction Type Energy meters – construction, working principle and their compensation & adjustments.	
	30	TUTORIAL-6	
	31-34		
		4.3 Testing of Energy Meters. 5. MEASUREMENT OF SPEED, FREQUENCY AND POWER FACTOR	
		5.1 Tachometers, types and working principles 5.2 Principle of operation and construction of Mechanical and	
		Electrical resonance Type frequency meters.	
	35	TUTORIAL-7	
6	36-39	 5.3 Principle of operation and working of Dynamometer type single phase and three phase power factor meters. 6. MEASUREMENT OF RESISTANCE, INDUCTANCE& CAPACITANCE 	
		6.1 Classification of resistance	
		6.1.1. Measurement of low resistance by potentiometer method.	
	40	TUTORIAL-8	
7	41-44	6.1.2. Measurement of medium resistance by wheat Stone bridge method.	
		6.1.3. Measurement of high resistance by loss of charge method.6.2 Construction, principle of operations of Megger & Earth tester	
		for insulation resistance and earth resistance measurement respectively.	
- Air	45	TUTORIAL-9	
	46-49	6.3 Construction and principles of Multimeter. (Analog and	
	40-49	N 10	
		Digital) 6.4 Measurement of inductance by Maxwell's Bridge method.	
N. C.			
		6.5 Measurement of capacitance by Schering Bridge method	
8	50	TUTORIAL-10	
	51-54	7. SENSORS AND TRANSDUCER 7.1. Define Transducer, sensing element or detector element and transduction elements.	
		7.2. Classify transducer. Give examples of various class of transducer. 7.3. Resistive transducer	
		7.3.1 Linear and angular motion potentiometer.	
		7.3.2 Thermistor and Resistance thermometers.	
		7.3.3 Wire Resistance Strain Gauges	
	55	TUTORIAL-11	
9	56-59	7.4. Inductive Transducer	
9	30-39	7.4.1 Principle of linear variable differential Transformer (LVDT) 7.4.2 Uses of LVDT.	
		7.5. Capacitive Transducer.	
		7.5.1 General principle of capacitive transducer.	
		7.5.2 Variable area capacitive transducer.	
		7.5.2 Variable and capacitive transducer. 7.5.3 Change in distance between plate capacitive transducer.	
		7.3.3 Change in distance between place capacitive transducer with	
		7.6. Piezo electric Transducer and Hall Effect Transducer with their applications.	

61-64	8. OSCILLOSCOPE TUTORIAL-12	
	o OSCILLOSCOPE	
	8.1. Principle of operation of Cathode Ray Tube.	
	0.2. I inciple of operation of Oscilloscope (with help of block diagram)	
	Voltage & current	
	8.4. Measurement of AC Voltage, current, phase & frequency.	

Signature of Faculty:

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Signature of HOD:

1)

Discipline:

Electrical Engg. Govt Polytechnic Bargarh

Semester:

4TH

Name of the Teaching Faculty:

. Swati Sharma, PTGF (Electrical Engg.)

Subject:

Generation transmission and distribution (Th4)

No of Days/week class allotted:

04

Session:

Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
1	1-4	1. GENERATION OF ELECTRICITY	100000
		1.1 Elementary idea on generation of electricity from	
		Thermal, Hydel, Nuclear Power station.	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
2	5-8	1.2 Introduction to Solar Power Plant (Photovoltaic cells).	
		1.3 Layout diagram of generating stations.	
		2. TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRIC POWER	
		2.1 Layout of transmission and distribution scheme.	
		and distribution sensing.	
3	9-12	2.2 Voltage Regulation & efficiency of transmission.	
		2.3 State and explain Kelvin's law for economical size of	
		conductor.	
		2.4 Corona and corona loss on transmission lines.	
4	13-16	3. OVER HEAD LINES	
		3.1 Types of supports, size and spacing of conductor.	
	7.	3.2 Types of conductor materials.	
5	17-20	3.3 State types of insulator and cross arms.	
		3.4 Sag in overhead line with support at same level and	
		different level.	
	3	(approximate formula effect of wind, ice and temperature on	
		sag)	
		3/	
6	21-24	3.5 Simple problem on sag.	
		4. PERFORMANCE OF SHORT & MEDIUM LINES	
		4.1. Calculation of regulation and efficiency.	
7	25-28	4.2short and medium transmission line phasor diagram	
		4.3problems of short transmission lines	
8	29-32	5. EHV TRANSMISSION	
U	1	5.1 EHV AC transmission.	
		5.1.1 Reasons for adoption of EHV AC transmission.	
		5.1.2. Problems involved in EHV transmission.	

9	1.3		
9	33-36	52 HV DO	
		5.2 HV DC transmission.	
	A STREET, STRE	5.2.1Advantages and Limitations of HVDC transmission system.	
10		-yoldin.	
10	37-40	6.DISTRIBUTE	D.S.
		6.DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS	
		The state of the s	
		6.2Connection Schemes of Distribution System Main and interconnected system) (22)	
		Main and interconnected system) 6.3DC distributions (Radial, Ring	
		o distributions	
11	41-44	6.3.1 Distributor fed at one End.	
	-	6.3.2 Distributor fed at one End.	
		6.3.2 Distributor fed at both the ends.	
		6.3.3 Ring distributors	
		6.4 AC distribution system.	
12	45-48	641 Mathada Calain	
		6.4.1. Method of solving AC distribution problem.	
		or in the phase four wire star connected material	
		7. UNDERGROUND CABLES	
		7.1 Cable insulation and classification of cables	
3	49-52	7.2 Types of L. T. O. M. T.	
	12 02	7.2 Types of L. T. & H.T. cables with constructional features.	
		7.5 Methods of Cable Joing	
		7.4 Localization of cable faults: Murray and Varley loop test	
		for short circuit fault /Earth fault.	
1	53-56	8. ECONOMIC ASPECTS	
		8 1 Causes of law power fortunal	
		8.1 Causes of low power factor and methods of improvement	
		of power factor in power system	
		8.2 Factors affecting the economics of generation: (Define and explain)	
		explain)	
	57-60	8.2.1 Load curves.	-
	37-00	8.2.2 Demand factor.	
	,		
		8.2.3 Maximum demand.	
	(1) (4)	8.2.4 Load factor.	
	61-64	9. TYPES OF TARIFF	
	2 2 7	9.1. Desirable characteristic of a tariff.	
		9.2. Explain flat rate, block rate, two part and maximum	
		demand tariff. (Solve Problems)	
	65-68	10. SUBSTATION	
	65-68		
	65-68	10.1 Layout of LT, HT and EHT substation. 10.2 Earthing of Substation, transmission and distribution	

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Signature of HOD

Name of the Teaching Faculty: Sri. Deepak Patra

Designation:

Lecturer in Electrical

Discipline:

Electrical Engg.

Semester:

 4^{TH}

Subject:

Electrical Drawing

Subject code:

PR4

No of Days/week class allotted: 06 (6L)

Session:

Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
1	1-6	WIRING DIAGRAM AND CONTROL CIRCUIT 1.1 3 point D. C. motor starter. 1.2 4 point D.C. motor starter.	
2	7-12	1.3 DOL starter 1.4 Star delta starter	
3	13-18	1.5 Auto Transformer Starter. 1.6 Rotor resistance starter	
4	19-24	DRAW D.C. M/C PARTS (Dimensional Drawing) 2.1. Pole with pole shoes.	
5	25-30	2.2. Commutator	
6	31-36	2.3. Armature 2.4. DC. armature winding	
7	37-42	(a) Simple lap winding (b) Simple wave winding	
8	43-48	DRAW 1-PHASE & 3-PHASE TRANSFORMER (Assembly Drawing) 3.1 Stepped core type	
9	49-54	3.2 Plane shell type DRAW SKETCHES OF THE FOLLOWING AS PER B.I.S	
10	55-60	AND REC SPECIFICATIONS	
		5.1 Earthing installation 5.2 Double pole structure for LT and HT distribution lines	
11	61-66	3.2 Double pole	

12	67-72	DRAM	
3	73-78	DRAW SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM OF SUBSTATION 6.1 Single line diagram of 33/11kV distribution substation. COMPUTER AIDED ELECTRICAL DRAWING USING 8.1 Draw Electrical symbol.	
4	79-84	8.2 Draw D.C	
	85-90	8.2 Draw D.C. m/c parts (take print out) 8.3 Draw A. C. m/c parts (take print out) 8.4 Draw electrical layout of diagram of Electrical Installation of a building	

09/12/19 Signature of Faculty:

Signature of HOD:

Discipline:

ELECTRICALEngg. GP,Bargarh

Semester:

6TH

Name of the Teaching Faculty: Sri Ni

Sri Niranjan Nayak, Lect.(I &C Engg.)

Subject:

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES(BST501)

No of Days/week class allotted: 05

Session:

Vee	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
	1-5	The Multidisciplinary nature ofenvironmentalstudies	
		Definition, scope and importance, Need for public awareness.	
2	6-10	NaturalResources	
		Renewable and non renewable resources:	
		Naturalresourcesandassociatedproblems.	
		Forestresources:Useandover-	
None where on the first		exploitation,deforestation,casestudies, Timberextractionmining,damsandtheireffectsonforestsand tribal people.	
		Waterresources:Useandover- utilizationofsurfaceandgroundwater, floods,drought,conflictsoverwater,dam'sbenefitsandproble ms.	
		Mineral Resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extractingandusingmineral resources.	
3	11-15	Food Resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and over grazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizers-pesticides problems, waterlogging, salinity,.	
		EnergyResources:Growingenergyneed,renewableandnon-renewable energysources,useofalternateenergysources,casestudies.	
		LandResources:Landasaresource,landdegradation,manind uces landslides,soilerosion,anddesertification.	
		Roleofindividualinconservationofnaturalresources.	

		Equitableuseofresourcesforsustainablelifestyles.	The Property and Court will be a series of
4	16-20	그 그래에 어린이 됐다. 하게 위한 집에 회사하여 있다. 그리아 이 그리아 아그를 가면 있을 때 가게 되었다. 그는 그리아 그리아 있다. 그리아 있다.	
34		Conceptofanecosystem.	
		Structureandfunctionofanecosystem.	
		Producers, consumers, decomposers.	
		Energyflowintheecosystems.	
5	21-25		
V - 1.20		Foodchains, foodwebs and ecological pyramids.	
		Introduction,types,characteristicfeatures,structureandfunc tionofthe following ecosystem:	
6	26-30	Forestecosystem:	
		Aquaticecosystems(ponds,streams,lakes,rivers,oceans,estuaries).	
8	31-35	Biodiversity andit's Conservation	
	1.	Introduction-Definition:genetics,speciesandecosystemdiversity.	
		BiogeographicallyclassificationofIndia.	
b*******	And the second second second second	Valueofbiodiversity:consumptiveuse,productiveuse,sociale thical, aesthetic and optionvalues.	and the second s
9	36-40	Biodiversityatglobal,nationalandlocallevel.	
		Threatstobiodiversity:Habitatsloss,poachingofwildlife,man wildlife conflicts.	
0	41-45	Definition Causes, effects and control measures of:	2 2 2
		Airpollution.	
		Waterpollution.	
	the contract of the contract o	Soilpollution	
		Marinepollution	The Committee Committee of Security Sec
	46-50	Noisepollution.	
		Thermalpollution	
		Nuclearhazards.	

12	77.73		
	55-60	SolidwasteManagement: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrialwastes. Role of an individual in a control measures.	
		Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Disaster management: Floods, earth quake, cyclone and landslides.	
13	61-65		
	Service Control of the Control of th	Social issues andtheEnvironment	
		Formunsustainabletosustainabledevelopment.	
	SPICE CONTRACTOR	Urbanproblemsrelatedtoenergy.	
	Construction of the second of	Waterconservation,rainwaterharvesting,watershedmanagement.	
	No.	Resettlementandrehabilitationofpeople;itsproblemsndconcern.	
		Environmentalethics:issueandpossiblesolutions	the state of the s
14	66-70	Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer	
		depletion, nuclearaccidentsandholocaust, casestudies.	e de la companya de l
		Air(preventionandcontrolofpollution)Act.	
		Water(preventionandcontrolofpollution)Act.	man, i dane e dane samu dane
		Publicawareness.	
15	71-75	Human population andthe environment	
		Populationgrowthandvariationamongnations.	The second section of the second sections.
		Populationexplosion-familywelfareprogram.	
		Environment and humanhealth.	
.6	56-60	Humanrights.	
		Valueeducation	
		Roleofinformationtechnologyinenvironmentandhumanhealth.	
1			
	Signature	e of Faculty: Kligan Alayak	
		경기를 즐기하는 것이다. 참조하는 경기로 하는 것이다는 하는 것이다는 것이다. 그런 것은 사람들이 없는 것이다. 기계를 받는다.	
		of HOD: Male 9.12.19	

Discipline:

Electrical Engg., Govt Polytechnic Bargarh

Semester:

6TH

Name of the Teaching Faculty:

. Swati Sharma, PTGF (Electrical Engg.)

Subject:

switch Gear and Protective Devices (EET 601)

No of Days/week class allotted:

05 (4L+1T)

Session:

Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
1	1-4	1. INTRODUCTION TO SWITCHGEAR	
		1.1 Essential Features of switchgear.	
		1.2 Switchgear Equipment.	
		1.3 Bus-Bar Arrangement.	
		1.4 Switchgear Accommodation.	
	5	TUTORIAL-1	
2	6-9	1.5 Short Circuit.	
-		1.6 Short Circuit Current.	
		1.7 Faults in a power system.	
		2. FAULT CALCULATION	
		2.1 Symmetrical faults on 3-phase system.	
	THE CANADA	2.2 Limitation of fault current.	
	10	TUTORIAL-2	
3	11-14	2.3 Percentage Reactance.	
3	11-11	2.4 Percentage Reactance and Base KVA.	
	Character and the second	2.5 Short – circuit KVA.	
		2.6 Reactor control of short circuit currents.	
	15	TUTORIAL-3	
4	16-19	2.7 Location of reactors.	
4	10-13	2.8 Steps for symmetrical Fault calculations.	
		2.9 Solve numerical problems on symmetrical fault.	
		3 FUSES	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
		3.1 Desirable characteristics of fuse element.	
	20	TUTORIAL-4	
		3.2 Fuse Element materials.	
5	21-24	3.3 Types of Fuses and important terms used for fuses.	
		3.4 Low and High voltage fuses.	
		3.5 Current carrying capacity of fuse element.	
		3.6 Difference Between a Fuse and Circuit Breaker	
	1	TUTORIAL-5	
	25		
6	26-29	4. CIRCUIT BREAKERS 4.1 Definition and principle of Circuit Breaker.	
		4.1 Definition and principle of Chedit Breakers 4.2 Arc phenomenon and principle of Arc Extinction.	
		4.2 Are phenomenon and principle of Are Extinction	
		4.3 Methods of Arc Extinction.	
		4.4 Definitions of Arc voltage, Re-striking voltage and	
		Recovery voltage.	

	30	TUTORIAL-6	
7	31-34	4.5 Classification of circuit Breakers.	
		4.6 Oil circuit Breaker and its classification.	
		4.7 Plain brake oil circuit breaker.	
		4.8 Arc control oil circuit breaker.	
	- 1/4	4.9 Low oil circuit breaker.	
		4.10 Maintenance of oil circuit breaker.	
	- Local		
	35	4.11 Air-Blast circuit breaker and its classification.	
}		TUTORIAL-7	
·	36-39	4.12 Sulphur Hexa-fluoride (SF6) circuit breaker.	
		4.13 Vacuum circuit breakers	
		4.14 Switchgear component.	
		4.15 Problems of circuit interruption.	
		4.16 Resistance switching.	
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	4.17 Circuit Breaker Rating.	
	40	TUTORIAL-8	
	41-44	5. PROTECTIVE RELAYS	
	41-44	5.1 Definition of Protective Relay.	
		5.2 Fundamental requirement of protective relay.	
		5.3 Basic Relay operation	
		a) Electromagnetic Attraction type	
		b) Induction type	
	41	5.4 Definition of following important terms	
	45	TUTORIAL-9	
0	46-49	5.5 Definition of following important terms.	
0	40-49	a) Pick-up current.	
		b) Current setting.	
		D) Current Setting.	
	-	c) Plug setting Multiplier.	
		d) Time setting Multiplier.	
		5.6 Classification of functional relays	
	50	TUTORIAL-10	
	51-54	5.7 Induction type over current relay (Non-directional)	
1	31-34	la ox 1 - dien type directional bowel lelay.	
	-	5.8 Induction type directional over current relay	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	5.10 Differential relay	
		a) Current differential relay	
		a) Current differential relay.	
		b) Voltage balance differential relay.	
		5.11 Types of protection.	
	55	TUTURIAL TI POWER	
		PROTECTION OF ELECTROS	
2	56-59	EQUIPMENT AND LINES	
		late protein of alternator.	
		6.1 Protection of alternators. 6.2 Differential protection of alternators.	
		6.2 Differential protection	
		a D 1 ad corth fallii Diviction.	
		6 4 Protection systems for transformer.	
		6.5 Ruchholz relay.	
		c c protection of Bils Dal.	
		The strong of Transmission into	
41 14 14		6.8 Different pilot wire protection (Merz-price voltage	
	60	nrotection tivicizative	

14	65 66-69	Balance system) 6.9 Explain protection of feeder by over current and earth fault relay. 7. PROTECTION AGAINST OVER VOLTAGE AND LIGHTING 7.1 Voltage surge and causes of over voltage. 7.2 Internal cause of over voltage. 7.3 External cause of over voltage (lighting) 7.4 Mechanism of lightning discharge. TUTORIAL-13 7.5 Types of lightning strokes. 7.6 Harmful effect of lightning. 7.7 Lightning arresters. 7.8 Type of lightning Arresters. a) Rod-gap lightning arrester. b) Horn-gap arrester. c) Valve type arrester. 7.9 Surge Absorber	
	70	TUTORIAL-14	
15	71-74	8. STATIC RELAY 8.1 Advantage of static relay. 8.2 Instantaneous over current relay. 8.3 Principle of IDMT relay	
	75	TUTORIAL-15	

Signature of Faculty: Swede chavemer

Signature of HOD: Manager 12.19

Name of the Teaching Faculty: Sri. Nitesh Kumar Acharya

Designation: Lecturer in Electrical

Discipline: Electrical Engg. Semester:

6TH Subject:

UEET Subject code: **EET602** No of Days/week class allotted: 04 (4L)

Session: 2019-20

Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
1	1-4	ELECTROLYTIC PROCESS ->>Definition and Basic principle of Electro Deposition>>Important terms regarding electrolysis>>Faradays Laws of Electrolysis>>Definitions of current efficiency, Energy efficiency.	
2	5-8	->>Principle of Electro Deposition>>Factors affecting the amount of Electro Deposition>>Factors governing the electro deposition>>State simple example of extraction of metals>>Application of Electrolysis	
3	9-12	 ELECTRICAL HEATING ->> Advantages of electrical heating. ->> Explain mode of heat transfer and Stephen's Law. ->> Discuss principle of Resistance heating. ->> Direct Resistance heating. ->> Indirect Resistance heating. ->> Explain working principle of direct arc furnace and indirect arc furnace. 	С
4	13-16	->>Principle of Induction heating>>Working principle of direct core type, vertical core type and indirect core type Induction furnace>>Principle of coreless induction furnace and skin effect>>Principle of dielectric heating and its application>>Principle of Microwave heating and its application.	
5	17-20	PRINCIPLES OF ARC WELDING ->>Explain principle of arc welding. ->>Discuss D. C. & A. C. arc phenomena ->>D.C. & A. C. arc welding plants of single and multi-operation type.	
6	21-24	->>Types of arc welding>>Explain principles of resistance welding>>Descriptive study of different resistance welding methods.	
7	25-28	ILLUMINATION->>Nature of Radiation and its spectrum.->>Terms used in Illuminations.i. Luminous intensityii. Lumen	

and the second s			
		iii. Intensity of illumination	
		···IVITICE	
		v. MSCP	
		vi. MHSCP	
		vii. Brightness	
		viii Solid angle	
		ix. Luminous efficiency	
		->> Explain the in-	
8	29-32	->>Explain the inverse square law and the cosine law.	
		->> Explain polar curves.	
		->> Describe light distribution and control.	
		- Piguil Icialed definitions III.	
	14		
	-4.6	->> Design simple lighting schemes and depreciation factor.	
		of the delivery of the same of	
		The state of the s	
-		Laplati Discharge lamps.	
		->>State Basic idea about excitation in gas discharge lamps	
		->State constructional factures and operation of: - Fluorescent	
4 (1)		Tamp. (PL and PLL Lamps)	
9	33-36	->>Sodium vapour lamps.	
		->>High pressure mercury vapour lamps.	
		->>Neon sign lamps.	
		->>High lumen output & low consumption fluorescent lamps.	
10	37-40	INDUSTRIAL DRIVES	
	1	->>State group and individual drive.	
		->>Method of choice of electric drives.	
	, ·	->>Explain starting and running characteristics of DC and AC	
		motor.	
11	41-44	->>State Application of :	
		DC motor	
1		phase induction motor	
	=	phase synchronous motors.	
12	45-48	->>Single phase induction, series motor, universal motor and	
12	43 40	repulsion motor.	
13	49-52	ELECTRIC TRACTION	
13	47-32	->>Explain system of traction.	
-		->>System of Track electrification.	
3		->>Running Characteristics of DC and AC traction motor.	
14	53-56	->>Explain control of motor	
14	33-30	->>Tapped field control	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	->>Rheostatic control	
. 1724		->>Series parallel control	
		->>Series paramet control	
	57 60	->>Explain Braking of the following types.	
15	57-60		
With the life		->>Regenerative Braking	
		->>Braking with 1-phase series motor	
	* = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	->>Magnetic Braking	

Signature of Faculty

Signature of HOD

Name of the Teaching Faculty: Sri Deepak Patra

Designation: Lecturer in Electrical

Discipline: Electrical Engg. (Govt. Polytechnique, Bargarh)

Semester: 6TH

Subject: Electrical Installation and Estimating

Subject code: EET 603

No of Days/week class allotted: 05 (L+OT)

Session: 2019-20

Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
I	1-5	INDIAN ELECTRICITY RULES 1.1 Definitions, Ampere, Apparatus, Accessible, Bare, cablew, circuit, circuit breaker, conductor voltage (low, medium, high, EH), live, dead, cutout, conduit, system, danger, Installation, earthing system, span, volt, switch gear, etc. 1.2 General safety precautions, rule 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 40, 41, 43, 44, 45, 46.	-
2	6-10	1.3 General conditions relating to supply and use of energy: rule 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 54, 55,56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70. 1.4 OH lines: Rule 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91	
3	11-15	ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS 2. 1 Electrical installations, domestics, industrial, Wiring System, Internal distribution of Electrical Energy. Methods of wiring, systems of wiring, wire and cable, conductor materials used in cables, insulating materials mechanical protection. Types of cables used in internal wiring, multistranded cables, voltage grinding of cables, general specifications of cables 2.2 ACCESSORIES: Main switch and distribution boards, conduits, conduit accessories and fittings, lighting accessories and fittings, fuses, important definitions, determinations of size of a fuse wire, fuse units. Earthing conductor, earthing, IS specification regarding earthing of a electrical installations, points to be earthed. Determination of a size of earth wire and earth plate fot domestic and industrial installations. Material required for GI pipe earthing.	
5	21-25	2. 3 LIGHTING SCHEME: Aspects of good lighting services. Types of lighting schemes, design of lighting schemes, factory lighting, public lighting installations, street lighting, general rules for wiring, determination of number of points (light, fan, socket, outlets), determination of total load, determination of Number of sub-circuits	
6	26-30	INTERNAL WIRING 3 . 1 Type of internal wiring, cleat wiring, CTS wiring, wooden casing capping, metal sheathed wiring, conduit wiring, their advantage and	

		disadvantages comparison and applications. 3 . 2 Prepare one estimate of materials required for CTS wiring for small domestic installation of one room and one verandah within 25 m ₂ with given light, fan & plug points.	
7	31-35	3.3 Prepare one estimate of materials required for conduit wiring for small domestic installation of one room and one verandha within 25 m ₂ with given light, fan & plug points 3.4 Prepare one estimate of materials required for concealed wiring for domestic installation of two rooms and one latrine, bath, kitchen & verandah within 80m ₂ with given light, fan & plug points.	
8	36-40	3 . 5 Prepare one estimate of materials required for erection of conduct wiring to a small workshop installation about 30m2 and load within 10 KW OVER HEAD INSTALLATION 4.1 Main components of overhead lines, line supports, factors Governing Height of pole, conductor materials, determination of size of conductor for overhead transmission line, cross arms, pole brackets and clamps, guys and stays, conductors configurations, spacing and clearances, span lengths, overhead line insulators, types of insulators, lighting arresters, danger plates, anti-climbing devices, bird guards, beads of jumpers, jumpers, tee-offs, guarding of overhead lines.	
9	41-45	 4.2 Prepare an estimate of materials required for LT distribution line within load of 100 KW maximum and standard spans involving calculation of the size of conductor (from conductor chart), current carrying capacity and voltage regulation consideration using ACSR. 4.3. Prepare an estimate of materials required for LT distribution line within load of 100 KW maximum and standard spans involving calculation of the size of conductor (from conductor chart), current carrying capacity and voltage regulation consideration using ACSR. 	
10	46-50	4.4 Prepare an estimate of materials required for HT distribution line (11 KV) within 2 km and load of 2000 KVA maximum and standard spans involving calculation of the size of conductor (from conductor chart), current carrying capacity and voltage regulation of the size of conductor (from conductor chart), current carrying capacity and voltage regulation consideration using ACSR.	

11	51-55	OVER HEAD SERVICE LINES 5.1 Components of contributions	
12	56-60	5.1 Components of service lines, service line (cables and conductors), bearer wire, lacing rod. Ariel fuse, service support, energy box and meters etc 5.2 Prepare and estimate for providing single phase supply of load of 5 KW (light, fan, socket) to a single stored residential building	
13	61-65	5.3 Prepare and estimate for providing single phase supply load of 3KW to	
14	66-70	floor of a double stored building having separate energy meter 5.4 Prepare one estimate of materials required for service connection to a factory building with load within 15 KW using insulated wire. 5.5 Prepare one estimate of materials required for service connection to a factory building with load within 15 KW using bare conductor and insulated wire combined	
15	71-75	. ESTIMATING FOR DISTRIBUTION SUBSTATIONS 6.1 Prepare one materials estimate for following types of transformer substations. 6.1.1 Pole mounted substation 6.1.2 Plinth Mounted substation	

Signature of Faculty

Signature of HOD: 9. 12.19

Name of the Teaching Faculty: Smt. Rashmita Gouda

Designation: Lecturer (Instrumentation & Control)

Discipline: Electrical Engg.(Govt. Polytechnic, Bargarh)

Semester: 6TH

Subject: Control System Engg.

Subject code: EET604
No of Days/week class allotted: 05 (4L+1T)

Session: 2019-20

Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics	Remarks
1	1-4	1.SIGNAL FLOW GRAPH.	
		1.1 Review of block diagrams and transfer functions ofmultivariable	
		systems.	
		1.2 Construction of signal flow graph.	
		1.3 Basic properties of signal flow graph.	
		1.4 Signal flow graph algebra.	
	5	TUTORIAL-1	
2	6-9	1.5 Construction of signal flow graph for control system.	,
2	The Early Market By Tank	2. TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS.	
		2. 1 Time response of control system.	
		2. 2 Standard Test signal.	
		2.2.1. Step signal,	
	- d	2.2.2. Ramp Signal	
		2.2.3. Parabolic Signal	* 1
	1	2.2.4. Impulse Signal	
77 198	10	TUTORIAL-2	
	11-14	2. 3 Time Response of first order system with:	1
	11-1-	2.3.1. Unit step response	
	*se	2.2.2. Unit impulse response.	
		2. 4 Time response of second order system to the unit step input.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		2 4 1 Time response specification.	
2	15	TUTORIAL-3	
3	16-19	2.4.2 Derivation of expression for rise time, peak time, peak	
	10-19	overshoot, settling time and steady state error.	- 1
	A	la 4 a Ct. In state amor and error considitis.	
		2. 5 Types of control system. [Steady state errors in Type-0, Type-1,	
		Type-2system]	
	20	TUTORIAL-4	07. 1474. 344
		2. 6 Effect of adding poles and zero to transfer function.	
4	21-24	2. 7 Response with P, PI, PD and PID controller.	
		3. ANALYSIS OF STABILITY BY ROOT	
		5. ANALISIS OF STABILITY	
		LOCUSTECHNIQUE.	
		3. 1 Root locus concept.	
		3. 2 Construction of root loci. TUTORIAL-5	
	25	IUIUKIAL-3	
5	26-29	3. 3 Rules for construction of the root locus.	

		3. 4 Effect of adding poles and zeros to G(s) and H(s).	The state of the s
	30	TUTORIAL-6	
	31-34	4. FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS.4. 1 Correlation between time response and frequency response4. 2 Polar plots.	
	35	TUTORIAL-7	
6	36-39	4. 3 Bode plots.	
	40	TUTORIAL-8	
7	41-44	4. 4 All pass and minimum phase system.4. 5 Computation of Gain margin and phase margin.	10.5
	45	TUTORIAL-9	
	46-49	4. 6 Log magnitude versus phase plot.4. 7 Closed loop frequency response	
8	50	TUTORIAL-10	
O	51-54	 5.NYQUIST PLOT 5.1 Principle of argument. 5.2 Nyquist stability criterion. 5.3 Nyquist stability criterion applied to inverse polar plot. 5.4 Effect of addition of poles and zeros to G(S) H(S) on the shape of Nyquistplot. 	
1,000	55	TUTORIAL-11	
9	56-59	5.5 Assessment of relative stability. 5.6 Constant M and N circle 5.7 Nicholas chart.	
	60	TUTORIAL-12	

April 2019

Ander 9. 12.19

Signature of Faculty:

Signature of HOD: